# ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL BENEFITS ASSESSMENT 

 FINAL REPORT
## Vernon Farmers' Market

Vernon, British Columbia

A collaborative project of British Columbia Association of Farmers' Markets and
School of Environmental Planning,
University of Northern British Columbia

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The demand for locally produced fresh, nutritious food by local consumers has grown rapidly over the past ten years. So too has the number of farmers' markets. As the most visible and accessible component of our local food systems, farmers' markets have strengthened their role as providing unique places for local producers and local consumers to connect. Although this role of farmers' markets within local food systems is well recognised, it is important to know not only what markets contribute to local areas but also to know how much they contribute.

This final report presents the findings from the assessment completed for the Vernon Farmers' Market on Thursday June 21, 2012. It includes results of a province-wide assessment of BC's farmers' markets and incorporates some results from a national study of farmers' markets completed in $2008^{\text {i }}$.

The provincial project was completed by the BC Association of Farmers' Markets, in collaboration with Dr. David Connell of the University of Northern British Columbia. The purpose of the provincial study was to measure the community and economic benefits of farmers' markets across British Columbia in order to quantify the significant contributions of farmers' markets and to increase their visibility both locally and provincially. This year's project builds upon the success of a similar project completed in 2006. Six years later, by using similar methods we will be to assess changes that have taken place during this time. In total, 33 assessments were completed across the province in 2012.

Highlights of results for the Vernon Farmers' Market:

- The estimated economic benefit of the combined Monday and Thursday dates of the Vernon Farmers' Market on the local economy is approximately $\$ 3.35$ million annually
- The estimated number of market customers on assessment day: 1,716 customers
- Estimated number of visitors annually: 99,088
- Over 326 market visitors participated in the study
- Average customer spending per visit: $\$ 30.03$
- 70.2\% of the survey respondents visit the market either 'regularly' (almost weekly) or 'frequently' (2-3 times per month)


BC Association of Farmers' Markets

The Vernon Farmers' Market assessment is part of a province-wide project. The purpose of the provincial study is to quantify the economic and social contributions of farmers markets.

The Vernon Farmers' Market first started in 1980 and has grown to be one of the largest farmers' markets in BC. Its current location in the north end of Vernon in the Wesbild parking lot offers an abundance of parking and is easily accessible by bicycle and public transit as well. Every Monday and Thursday the lot hosts over 200 market stalls, occupied by over 100 vendors, selling goods grown and produced throughout the Okanagan Valley, particularly the North Okanagan (Vernon, Coldstream, Armstrong and Spallumcheen). This study highlights the important impact the market has on the local economy and its role in fostering Vernon's vibrant community connections.

The 2012 market assessment reveals that the percentage of regular visitors to the market has grown since 2006 , from $48.9 \%$ to $53.6 \%$, and the estimated number of visitors per year is close to 100,000 . The average customer spending has increased substantially, from $\$ 18.86$ in 2006 to $\$ 30.03$ in 2012. Compared nationally and provincially, the Vernon Market has a lower customer spending than the national average ( $\$ 42.99$ ) for large markets. The market average is slightly higher than the provincial average of $\$ 28.81$, which includes markets of all sizes.

The Vernon Market is innovative with its use of its website and social media to inform people about what events are happening at the market and to educate people about what is available at a particular time in the season. The market's website encourages people to shop locally because it is important to support local farmers, crafters and artists for the sustainability of the local economy. An additional approach could be to highlight the social, environmental and health benefits of buying fresh local produce. Furthermore, the market could benefit from an investment in visitor amenities, such as benches and tables. Many participants in the study expressed a need for shaded areas at the market to rest, listen to the entertainers, and enjoy the prepared food. The Vernon Farmers' Market recently asked the Regional District to fund approximately $\$ 300,000$ worth of improvements to the market site, including permanent washroom facilities, upgraded water and electrical service, a demonstration and stage area, park benches, and hanging baskets. The majority (78.3\%) of market visitors surveyed believe the investment would be a worthwhile expenditure of taxpayers' money.

As the market celebrates its $33^{\text {rd }}$ anniversary, there is certainly a great deal to applaud, including the Special Event Mondays and the great diversity of produce, handicrafts and baked goods. As consumers become increasingly conscious about the importance of supporting local food systems, the economic and social benefits of farmers markets will continue to grow, thereby increasing the number of shoppers, vendors, and amount customers are willing to spend. By providing a space for producers and consumers to connect, the Vernon Farmers' Market plays an important social, environmental, and economic role in the Vernon community.


## The Vernon Farmers' Market: description

Market Website: www.vernonfarmersmarket.ca
One of the oldest farm markets in the Okanagan and one of the very best! Over 100 annual growers and artisans grace our spacious site offering everything from fresh fruit, vegetables and plants to handicrafts, eggs and fresh baked delicacies. Buskers and live entertainment often add to the cheerful atmosphere and "Special Event Mondays" are featured every long weekend. We're surrounded by acres of free parking, so you'll quickly discover the fun and benefits of "doing the market"!

Availability: | Open from April $19^{\text {th }}$ to October $29^{\text {th }} 2012$ |
| :--- |
| Mondays 8:00am to 1:00pm |

Thursdays 8:00am to 1:00pm

| \# Vendors: | 162 registered vendors (representing 204 stall spaces) |
| :---: | :--- |
| Location: | Wesbild Centre parking lot - 3445 43rd Ave, Vernon |
| Contact Info: | Wayne Seabrook <br> info@vernonfarmersmarket.ca |

## RESEARCH METHOD

The assessment of individual markets in BC is organised around two sets of activities: rapid market assessment and market surveys. These are the same methods used for the BC study in 2006.

## 1) Rapid Market Assessment:

The Rapid Market Assessment (RMA) technique was developed by researchers at Oregon State University for studying farmers' markets. This method has been implemented successfully in markets throughout Oregon and Washington states. The RMA method consists of three parts: customer survey; crowd count; environmental observations. The environmental observations are optional for markets in this present study and so are not included in this report.
a) Flip-chart survey: The flip-chart survey method engaged consumers in friendly interaction through multiple-choice questions posted in large print on flip charts. This approach has a high response rate, thereby increasing validity and accuracy.

The set of questions used for the survey (Box 1) were developed in two parts. The first four questions were developed by the research team and will be asked at all farmers' markets participating in the project. Asking the same questions at all markets is necessary to complete the provincial analysis. Each participating market developed the fifth question to collect data that are relevant to making effective changes and improvements to the local market.

Box 1. Flip-chart survey questions

1. How often do you come to this farmers' market?
2. When did you start shopping at this market?
3. How much have you spent, or do you plan to spend, at the market today?
4. If you plan to do additional shopping or eating while in this area of town today, how much do you plan to spend?
5. The Vernon Farmers Market recently asked the Regional District to fund approximately $\$ 300,000$ worth of improvements to this market site...including permanent washroom facilities, upgraded water and electrical service, a demonstration \& stage area, park benches, and hanging baskets. Would this be a worthwhile expenditure of taxpayers' money?
b) Crowd count: During a ten-minute period of each hour the market is open, members of the assessment team stood at each major entry point to the market and counted people entering. The total number of attendees is estimated from these systematic counts.

## 2) Market surveys

The analysis of community benefits of farmers' markets involves more detailed surveys of market customers and local businesses.
a) Customer surveys. A small sample of customers was asked to participate in a short interview. People were asked about where they shop, factors they consider when buying food, how long they spend at the market, and how they spend their time when at the market. Customers were also asked if they shop at other businesses on the same day that they visit the farmers' market. The small sample size means that the results cannot be generalised to all market customers. Nevertheless, the information collected expands upon the flipchart survey information and lends further insights to market customers and the relation between the market and neighbouring businesses. Some of the customer survey data will be aggregated at the provincial level.
b) Business surveys. Businesses located near the farmers' market were surveyed to assess the influence of the market on neighbouring businesses and to explore the nature of the relationship. The information collected from these surveys is specific to each local market and will lend insight to how relations might be further developed. The business information will also help to understand the relation between farmers' markets and businesses generally. Surveys were not completed at farmers' markets that did not have other businesses located nearby.

Together, the market assessment and the more detailed market surveys improve our understanding of what makes the Vernon Farmers' Market successful and how it contributes to the local area, in terms of both its economic and social benefits.

## RESULTS

This section reviews the results of the rapid market assessment, including the crowd count estimates and flip-chart surveys. The results for the one-on-one customer interviews and business interviews follow

## Rapid Market Assessment

The weather on the day of the assessment was sunny and 27 degrees at noon. There were approximately 110 vendors present, 49 farm and food vendors, 52 crafters, 6 concession type vendors, plus one bouncy castle for children and two information booths.

## Crowd count

The total estimated number of people attending the Vernon Farmers' Market on June 21, 2012 was 1,716.

When asked, vendors at the market said market attendance was a bit slow (one vendor noted attendance was about $85 \%$ of typical numbers) but sales were good for that time in the season, as compared with past years. The previous weeks were characterized by rainy weather, so vendors and customers were glad to be out and see the sun. Furthermore, it was the first day that there were strawberries at the market, so that could explain good sales.

The actual and extended counts for the assessment are shown in Table 1. The total estimated counts are also shown in Chart 1.

Table 1. Estimated Crowd Count

| Time period | Count period | Actual count | Extended total |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1st hour (8:00-9:00) | $8: 25-8: 35 \mathrm{am}$ | 48 | 288 |
| 2nd hour (900-10:00) | $9: 25-9: 35 \mathrm{am}$ | 92 | 552 |
| 3rd hour (10:00-11:00) | $10: 25-10: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ | 64 | 384 |
| 4th hour (11:00-12:00) | $11: 25-11: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ | 51 | 306 |
| 5th hour (12:00-1:00) | $12: 25-12: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ | 31 | 186 |
| Estimated total crowd count on June 21, 2012 |  |  |  |

Chart 1 (below) shows the estimated crowd totals for each hour for both 2012 and 2006. In 2012 market attendance steadily builds over the first two hours, peaking during the second hour, and then decreases slightly for the final three hours. There are two main reasons that explain the differences between crowd counts in 2012 and 2006. First, in 2006 the market hours were from $8: 00 \mathrm{am}-12: 00 \mathrm{pm}$, so there was no data collected for the fifth hour. Furthermore, in 2006, the number of 'early birds' who arrived before 8:00am were counted and included in the 8:00am-9:00am count.

Chart 1. Crowd counts by the hour


As shown in Chart 2, the number of shoppers attending the Vernon Farmers' Market is lower when compared to other markets that we assessed in BC. The data are based on the average number of shoppers attending a market on an hourly basis (not on the total number of shoppers).

Chart 2. Number of shoppers at BC farmers' markets (average hourly crowd at peak of season)


## Flip-chart survey

Approximately 326 people responded to the dot survey, which is about $19 \%$ of the estimated crowd count. The following five charts show the results for each of the flip chart survey questions.

Question 1. How much have you spent, or do you plan to spend, at the market today? Overall, respondents spent an average ${ }^{\text {ii }}$ of $\$ 30.03$ each on the day of the assessment. Most customers surveyed $(83.9 \%)$ said they would spend up to $\$ 40$ at the market that day. The average amount spent by shoppers in 2006 was $\$ 18.86$.

Chart 3. How much have you spent, or do you plan to spend, at the market today? (Market: $\mathrm{n}=316$; BC : $\mathrm{n}=9,819$; Canada (large): $\mathrm{n}=1,013$ )


The results shown in Chart 4 illustrate how the Vernon Farmers' Market compares to the average amount spent by customers at all BC markets and at small ( $<20$ vendors), medium ( $20-39$ vendors), and large farmers' markets ( $40+$ vendors) in Canada. As a large market, the Vernon Market has a lower average than the national average for large markets. The market average is slightly higher than the provincial average, which includes markets of all sizes.

Chart 4. Average amount spent by market shoppers
(Market: $\mathrm{n}=319$; BC: $\mathrm{n}=9,819$; Canada: $\mathrm{n}=3,167$ )


## Question 2. How often do you come to this farmers' market?

As shown in Chart 5, the Vernon Farmers' Market has an uneven distribution in the frequency of visits, with regular shoppers accounting for the majority (53.6\%) of visitors. First-time visitors to the market accounted for $10.3 \%$ of respondents. This pattern is similar to the results of the assessment in 2006 and the number of regular visitors is higher than the provincial and national averages.

Chart 5. How often do you come to this market?
(Market (2006): n=364; Market (2012): $\mathrm{n}=319$; BC: $\mathrm{n}=9,874$; Canada (large): $\mathrm{n}=1,013$ )


Question 3. If you plan to do additional shopping or eating while in this area of town today, how much do you plan to spend?
Chart 6 shows the range of additional spending by market customers, with $74.5 \%$ of respondents saying they would do additional shopping at neighbouring businesses that day. Almost half ( $58.2 \%$ ) of customers surveyed said they would spend up to $\$ 40$ and $7.9 \%$ said they would spend more than $\$ 100$. The average amount spent per customer at neighbouring businesses was $\$ 33.75$. These results are higher than the results of the 2006 assessment, where the average amount spent was $\$ 19.83$ and $69 \%$ of respondents saying they would do additional shopping.

Given the variability among markets, no comparison is made with BC or national results.
Chart 6. If you plan to do additional shopping or eating while in this area of town today, how much do you plan to spend? $(\mathrm{n}=330)$


## Question 4. When did you start shopping at this farmers' market?

As shown in Chart 7, your market has a good portion of long-time, loyal customers. Half of all customers surveyed ( $52.6 \%$ ) have been coming to this market for 5 years or more, and $33.8 \%$ of all respondents have been coming to this market for more than 10 years. In addition to the long-time regulars, there were also $15.6 \%$ of respondents who started shopping at the market for the first time this season. In 2006, the percentage of first-season shoppers was lower (8.1\%).

Chart 7. When did you start shopping at this farmers market? ( $\mathrm{n}=320$ )


Question 5. Would a $\mathbf{\$ 3 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ investment to the market be worthwhile?
The Vernon Farmers Market recently asked the Regional District to fund approximately $\$ 300,000$ worth of improvements to this market site...including permanent washroom facilities, upgraded water and electrical service, a demonstration \& stage area, park benches, and hanging baskets. As shown in Chart 8, the majority (78.3\%) of market visitors surveyed believe investment would be a worthwhile expenditure of taxpayers' money. Some of the participants in the study expressed that although they were not opposed to the investment, they were indifferent, so they selected 'no'.

Chart 8 . Would a $\$ 300,000$ investment to the market be worthwhile? $(\mathrm{n}=323)$


## Market surveys

## Customer Survey

We conducted interviews with 291 customers at 33 markets in BC. The following charts show results of all the customers surveyed across the province. When interpretting the results of these surveys, it should be noted that the people who agreed to participate in the one-on-one interviews over-represent regular shoppers, as these people are also the ones who are more likely to participate in such market surveys. The over-representation of regular shoppers is evident when we compared the customer survey results (291 responses) against the results gathered from the flip chart surveys ( 9,819 responses). The flip chart surveys show a wider representation of market shoppers.

The results in Chart 9 show the age range of farmers' market customers in BC.
Chart 9. Age of respondents (BC: $\mathrm{n}=274$ )


The household income of shoppers at farmers' markets in BC is shown in Chart 10. The results show that people from households with a range of incomes shop at BC's markets.

Chart 10. Household income (BC: $\mathrm{n}=233$ )


Over $40 \%$ of customers surveyed in BC shop at the market regularly (almost weekly), with an additional $17 \%$ shopping at least two to three times per month (Chart 11). Together, these results indicate that almost six of ten shoppers can be considered among the core group of market shoppers at BC markets, although, as noted, the results do overrepresent regular shoppers. The actual results are likely to be lower but still significant.

Chart 11. Frequency of shopping at farmers' markets (BC: $\mathrm{n}=251$ )


We also asked shoppers where and how often they buy groceries at other food retail outlets during the outdoor market season. The people surveyed indicated that they shop more often at the farmers' market than at other food retail outlets (Chart 12).

Chart 12. Where shoppers shop during the outdoor market season (BC: $\mathrm{n}=290$ )
Note: a higher bar means shopping more often at the corresponding store.


Part of the answer to explain the shopping pattern of market customers is evident in Chart 13, which shows the relative importance of factors customers consider when buying food. During the farmers' market season the five most important factors to market customers are:

- Nutritional content
- Grown/produced in BC
- In season
- Grown/produced locally
- Animal welfare

Brand name, low price, and certified organic are among the lowest rated factors that influence food purchasing decisions.

Chart 13. Factors people consider when buying food: BC ( $\mathrm{n}=289$ )


We also asked customers how long they spend at the market (Chart 14) and how much of that time they spend talking with vendors and friends (Chart 15). The results for all BC shoppers surveyed highlight the important social aspect of farmers' markets. Almost $70 \%$ of all respondents said that they spend over 30 minutes at the market, and over half ( $53.8 \%$ ) of all respondents said they spend at least half their time at the market socialising with others.

Chart 14. Amount of time customers spend at the market (BC: $\mathrm{n}=290$ )


Chart 15. Time spent talking with others at the market (BC: $\mathrm{n}=290$ )


The results of the above two questions are combined in Table 2. The shaded boxes highlight those people who spend at least half an hour at the market and at least half of that time talking with vendors, friends, and acquaintances. Altogether, these people represent $45 \%$ of the shoppers surveyed at BC's farmers' markets.

Table 2. Time spent at market talking with others (percentage) (BC: $\mathrm{n}=290$ )

|  |  | How time spent |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | None | Some | Half | Most | Almost all |  |
| Time spent at market | $<15 \mathrm{~min}$. | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{4}$ |
|  | $15-30 \mathrm{~min}$. | 2 | 17 | 5 | 3 | 0 | $\mathbf{2 7}$ |
|  | 31 min. to 1 hr | 1 | 16 | 11 | 5 | 4 | $\mathbf{3 6}$ |
|  | $>1 \mathrm{hr}$ | 1 | 7 | 9 | 9 | 8 | $\mathbf{3 3}$ |
| Total |  |  | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ |

## Economic Benefits

The information collected in this assessment enables us to measure the economic benefits of the Vernon Farmers' Market.

To measure the economic benefits of farmers' markets means to measure the ripple effect of people spending dollars at the market: if I spend $\$ 1$ at the market then how does this dollar benefit the local economy? The ripple effect includes both the profit to the market vendor and the monies the vendor spent on inputs to get to the market (e.g., seeds, feed, ingredients, etc.).

Economic benefits, which can include direct, indirect, and some induced effects, are measured in terms of revenue (\$), output (\$), and employment (jobs). In this study we measure only revenues. We chose to calculate revenue benefits using a multiplier of 1.5 iii . This multiplier means that for every dollar spent at the market, another $\$ 0.50$ is spent in the local economy. Compared to some other studies of farmers' markets, this multiplier is conservative.

The annual economic benefit is calculated by multiplying direct annual sales by the multiplier (1.5). Direct annual sales are calculated as follows:

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Average expenditure X Number of spending X Number of sessions X Seasonal
    by customer customers per session \({ }^{\text {iv }}\) per year \({ }^{v}\) factor \({ }^{\text {vi }}\)
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For the Thursday Vernon Farmers' Market, seasonally adjusted annual direct sales are:
$\$ 30.03$ per customer visit X 1,846 spending customers X 27 (adjusted) sessions $=\$ 1,233,000$
Using a multiplier of 1.5 , the annual economic impact is approximately:

## Annual economic benefits (2012): \$1.85 million

This calculation means that the Thursday Vernon Farmers' Market contributes an estimated $\$ 1.85$ million to the local economy each year. These monies benefit not only market vendors but also the local businesses that supply these vendors.

In 2006, the economic benefit of the Thursday Market was estimated at $\$ 1.1$ million. ${ }^{\text {vii }}$ This supports the general view that the market has grown over the past six years. In addition, it is possible to estimate the combined economic benefits of the Thursday and Monday dates of the Vernon Farmers' Market. Based on conversations with experienced people at the market, we estimated that the Monday market is $25 \%$ smaller than the Thursday market. On this basis, we estimated that the annual economic benefits of the Monday sessions were $\$ 1.5$ million.

The estimated combined benefits of the Monday and Thursday dates of the Vernon Farmers' Market $\mathbf{\$ 3 . 3 5}$ million. These monies benefit not only market vendors but also the local businesses that supply these vendors.

The total estimated annual economic benefit for all farmers' markets in BC is $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 0 . 5} \mathbf{~ m i l l i o n}$.

We can also assess the 'spillover' effect that the Vernon Farmers' Market has on its neighbouring businesses in North Vernon. Based on survey results, we can estimate the benefits of market customers spending additional dollars at local businesses on the day of the market. Using the same formula as above, the annual economic benefit of additional spending at other neighbouring businesses is over $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 8} \mathbf{~ m i l l i o n}$.


## Acknowledgements

The BC Association of Farmers' Markets and the project team would like to thank the Vernon Farmers' Market for participating in this assessment and for providing a team of volunteers to help conduct the assessment. Financial and in-kind support is provided by participating farmers' markets. The BCAFM wishes to acknowledge the financial assistance of Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada and the Investment Agriculture Foundation of BC for making this study possible. We would also like to acknowledge the Vancity Community Foundation's contribution to the study.

## End notes

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[^0]:    ${ }^{i}$ Source: Experience Renewal Solutions and David J. Connell (2009). National Farmers' Market Impact Study 2009 Report. Prepared for Farmers' Markets Canada.
    ${ }^{\text {ii }}$ The average spent per customer is weighted by category based on results of a national study of farmers' markets completed in 2008.
    ${ }^{\text {iii }}$ The number used for multipliers for farmers' markets varies, ranging from 1.21 to 3.0 . A multiplier of 2.0 is commonly used for convenience. We chose to use a multiplier of 1.5 as this appears to be more accurate based on studies by Hughes, Brown, Miller, and McConnell (2008) and Otto and Varner (2005). We used a multiplier of 2.0 in the 2006 study; the results from the 2006 study that are cited in this report have been revised based on a 1.5 multiplier.
    ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ This is based on the estimated crowd count. However, not all people attending the market are included in the calculation. Some people may not spend any money while other people included in the crown count are members of the same household and should not be double-counted. Based on results of the national study of farmers' markets in Canada in 2008, we estimate that 75 per cent of the crowd count is considered a paying customer.
    ${ }^{v}$ Includes special days, if any, such as 'Christmas markets'.
    ${ }^{\text {vi }}$ The seasonal factor accounts for varying sales/crowd levels during the season. For the outdoor season, markets generally start off slow and peak for a number of weeks during the summer and then decline. The seasonal factor is calculated for each market based on data collected from the market's manager and long-time vendors. A seasonal activity chart for your market is included in the Appendix.
    vii The results of the 2006 study have been revised to reflect updated and more accurate assumptions about estimating the economic benefits of farmers markets. For example, some of the assumptions are based on the results of the national study of farmers markets completed in 2008, which included interviews with 3,174 market shoppers across Canada.

