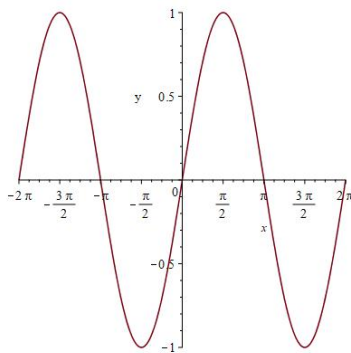
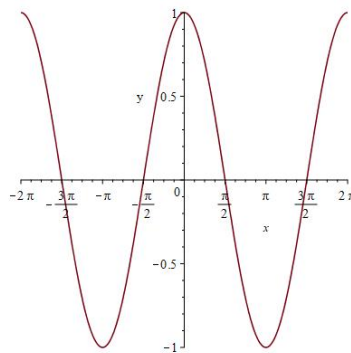


Trigonometric and Hyperbolic Curves¹

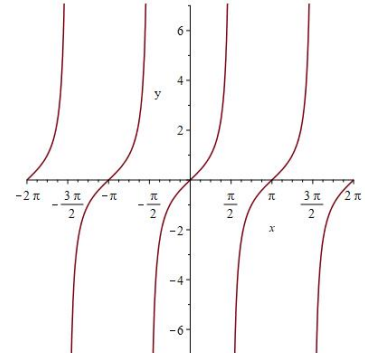
Sine
 $y = \sin(x)$



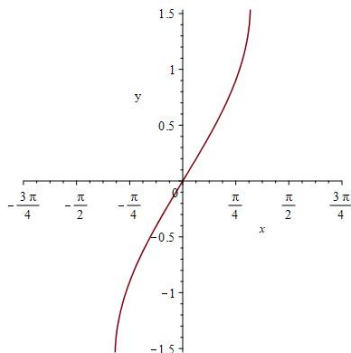
Cosine
 $y = \cos(x)$



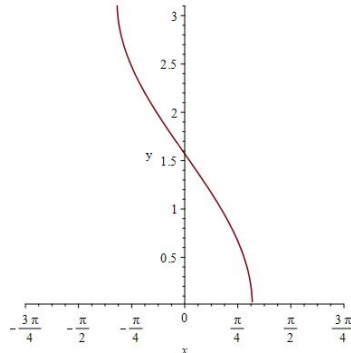
Tangent
 $y = \tan(x)$



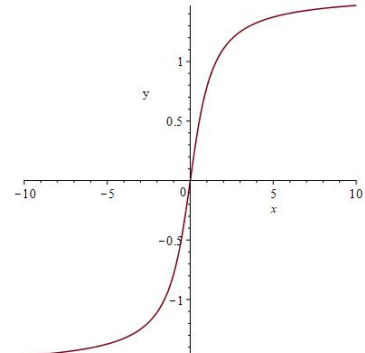
Inverse Sine
 $y = \arcsin(x)$



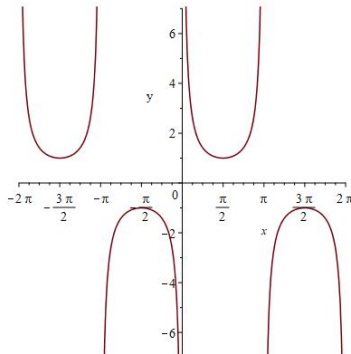
Inverse Cosine
 $y = \arccos(x)$



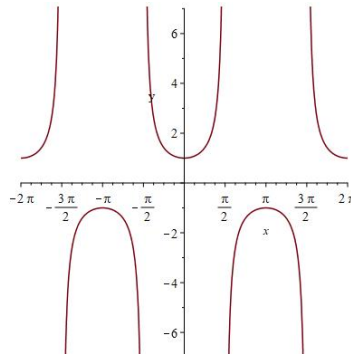
Inverse Tangent
 $y = \arctan(x)$



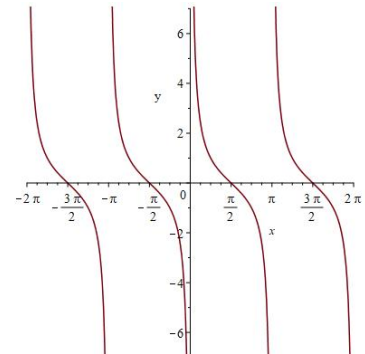
Cosecant
 $y = \csc(x)$



Secant
 $y = \sec(x)$



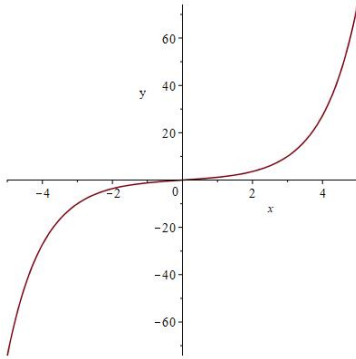
Cotangent
 $y = \cot(x)$



¹see also Basic Curves

Hyperbolic Sine

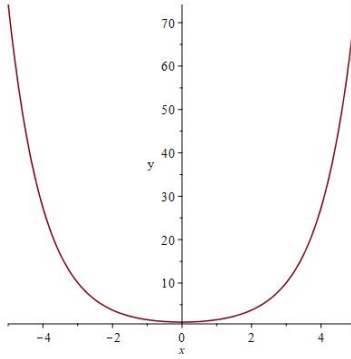
$$y = \sinh(x)$$



$$y = \sinh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}$$

Hyperbolic Cosine

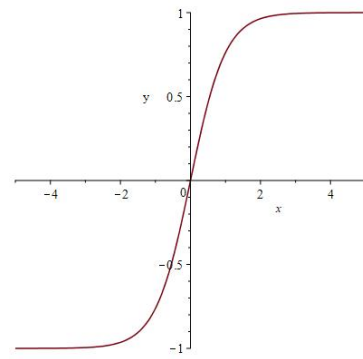
$$y = \cosh(x)$$



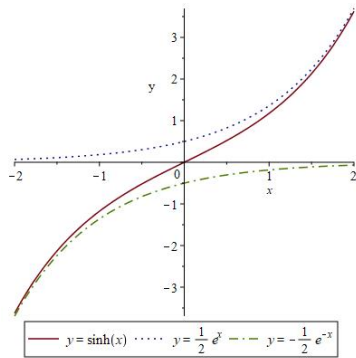
$$y = \cosh(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2}$$

Hyperbolic Tangent

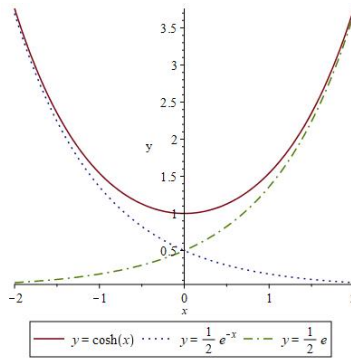
$$y = \tanh(x)$$



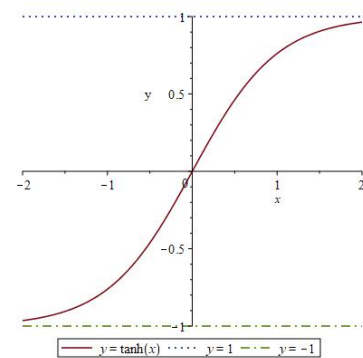
$$y = \tanh(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{\cosh(x)}$$



$$y = \sinh(x) \quad \dots \quad y = \frac{1}{2} e^x \quad \dots \quad y = -\frac{1}{2} e^{-x}$$



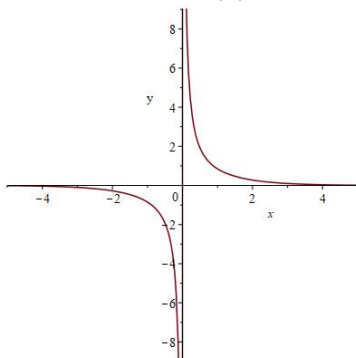
$$y = \cosh(x) \quad \dots \quad y = \frac{1}{2} e^x \quad \dots \quad y = \frac{1}{2} e^{-x}$$



$$y = \tanh(x) \quad \dots \quad y = 1 \quad \dots \quad y = -1$$

Hyperbolic Cosecant

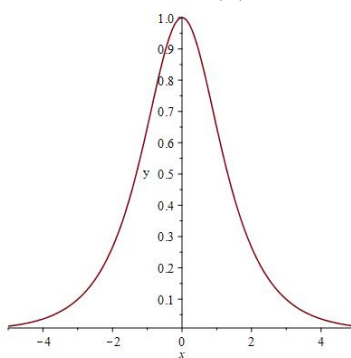
$$y = \operatorname{csch}(x)$$



$$\operatorname{csch}(x) = \frac{1}{\sinh(x)}$$

Hyperbolic Secant

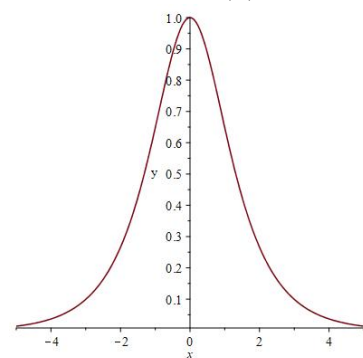
$$y = \operatorname{sech}(x)$$



$$\operatorname{sech}(x) = \frac{1}{\cosh(x)}$$

Hyperbolic Cotangent

$$y = \operatorname{coth}(x)$$



$$\operatorname{coth}(x) = \frac{\cosh(x)}{\sinh(x)}$$